

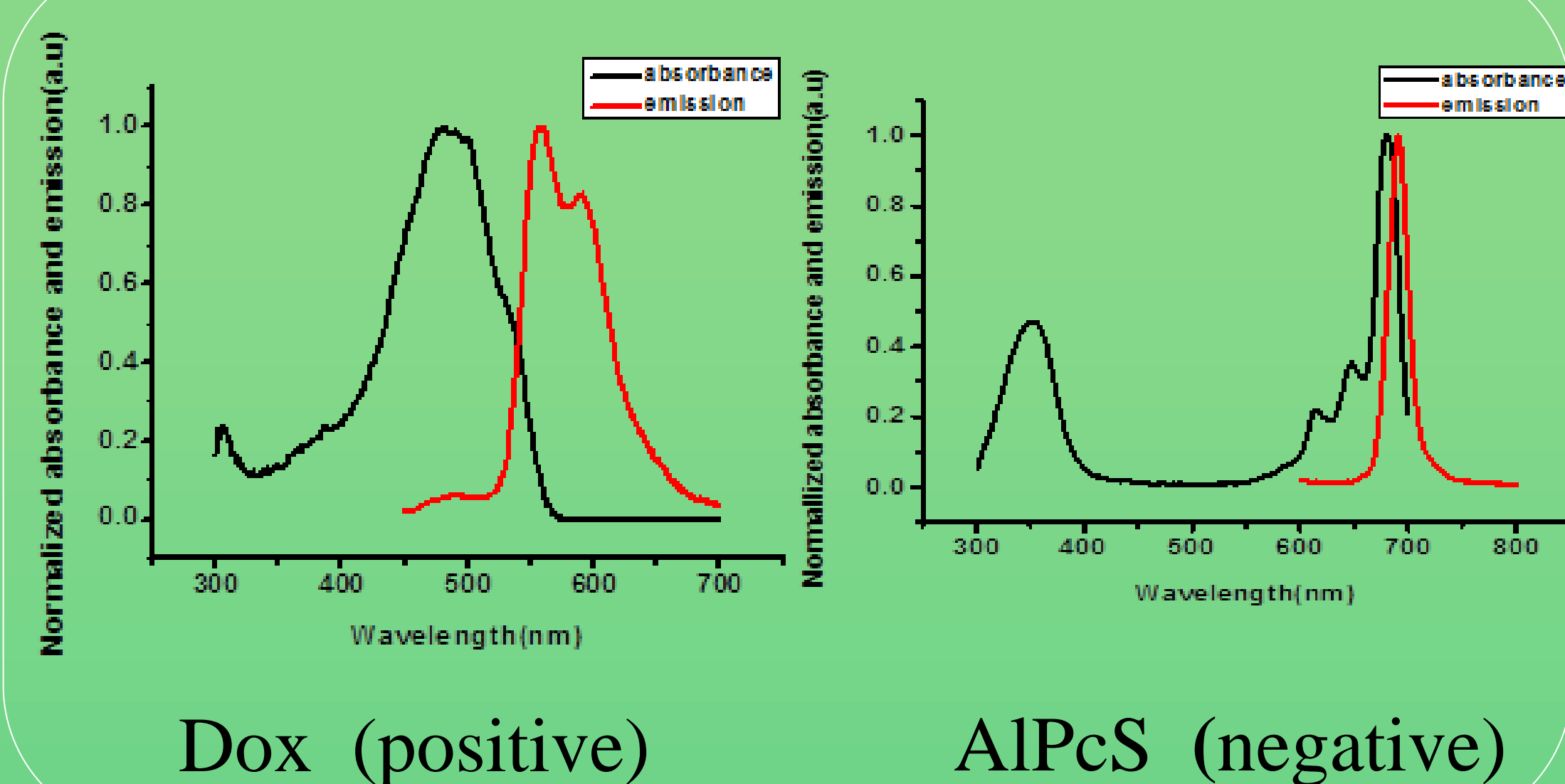
Conjugation of sulfonated aluminum phthalocyanine to doxorubicine can improve the efficacy of photodynamic cancer therapy



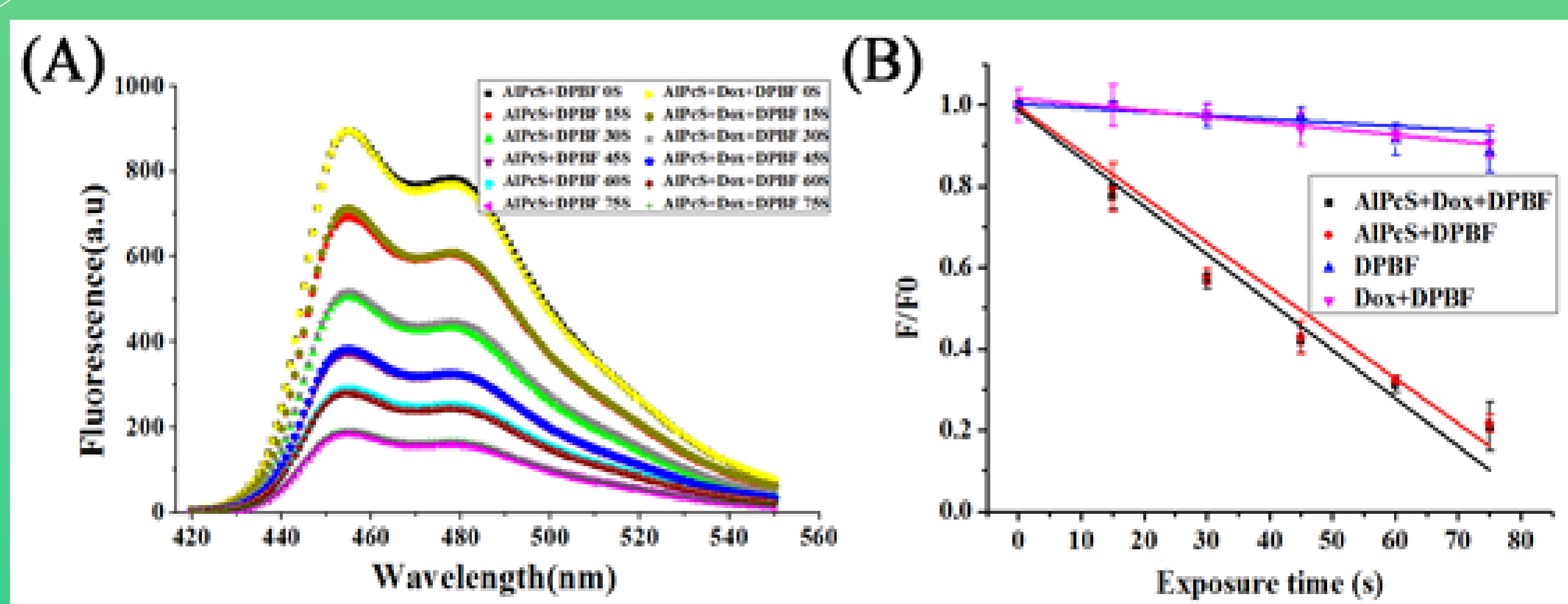
Yan-Li Qin, Xiao Huang and Ji-Yao Chen

Abstract: AIPcS, a widely used photosensitizer for photodynamic therapy (PDT) of cancer, was conjugated to doxorubicine (Dox), a chemotherapy drug, via the electrostatic binding. AIPcS-Dox conjugation was confirmed by electrophoresis. The AIPcS-Dox conjugates enhanced the cellular uptake of AIPcS three times more than un-conjugated AIPcS in both QGY and RBL cell lines. Moreover, the photodynamic killing effect of the conjugates was remarkably increased as compared to that of AIPcS alone or cytotoxicity of Dox alone, demonstrating an enhanced effect of the AIPcS-Dox conjugates.

one

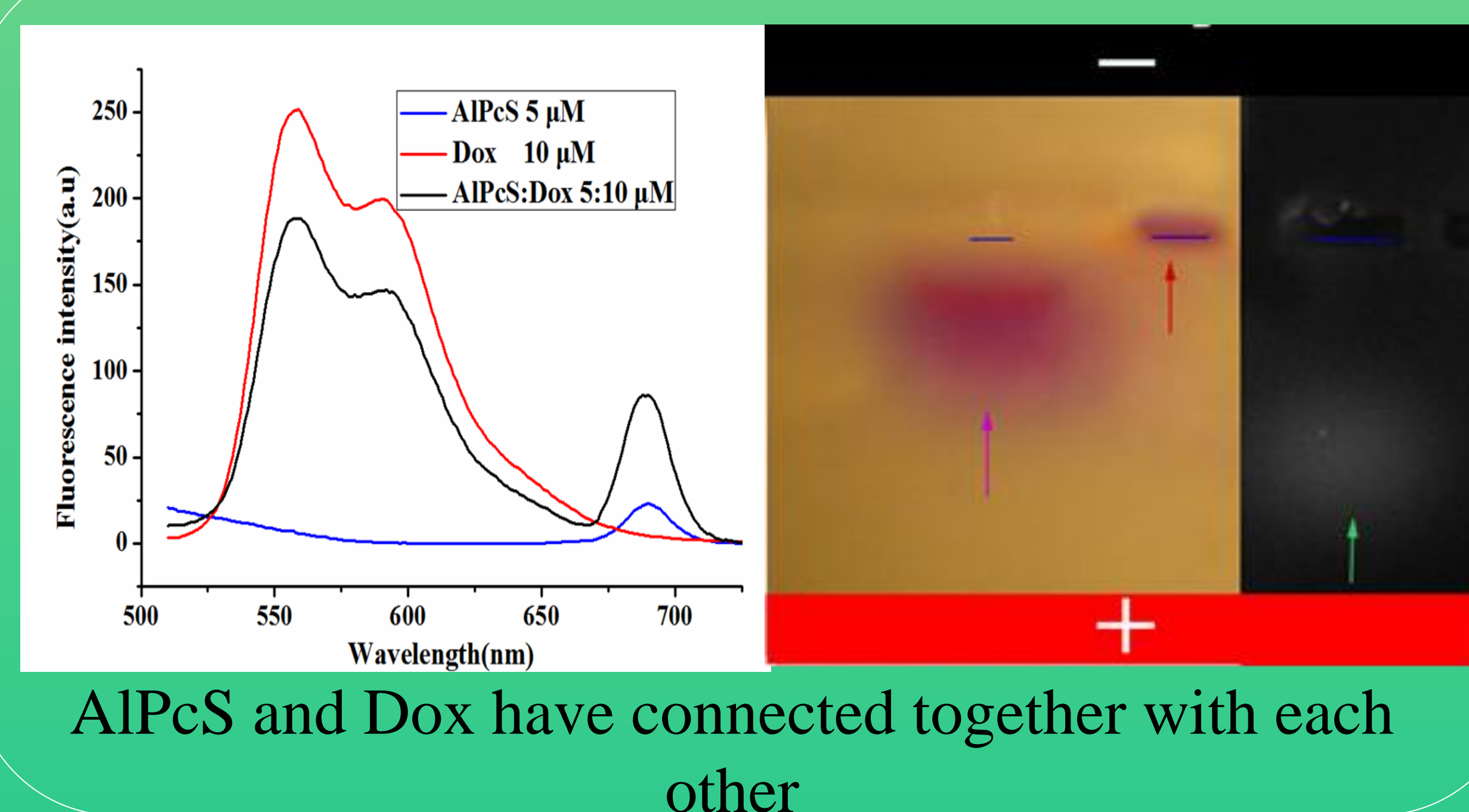


two



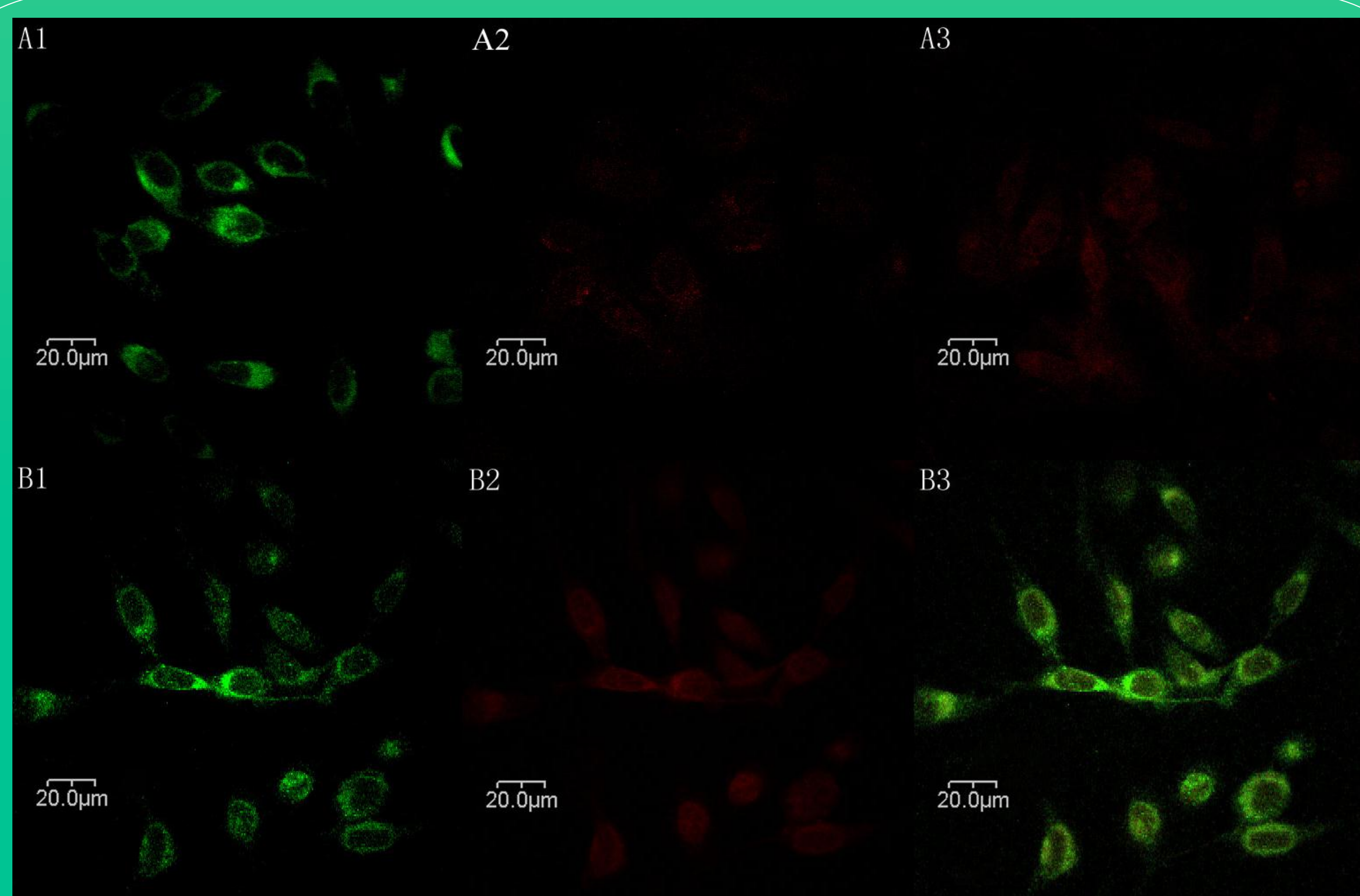
The conjugation between AIPcS and Dox has no effect on the single oxygen yield of AIPcS

three



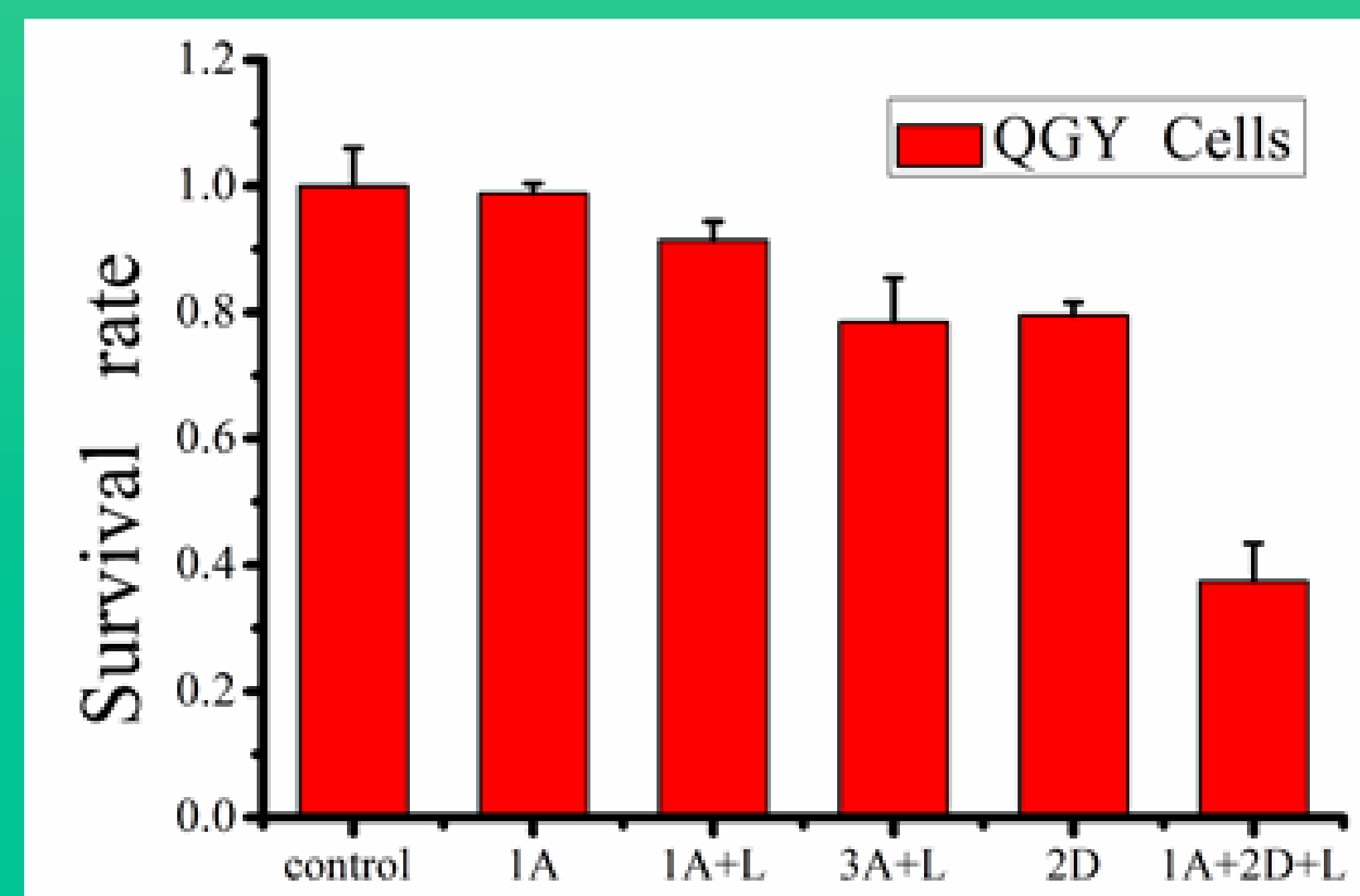
AIPcS and Dox have connected together with each other

four



Dox accelerates the speed of AIPcS entering cancer cells

five



The conjugates of AIPcS-Dox get a better effect of killing cancer cells

Conclusions: The conjugates of AIPcS-Dox can be simply prepared by the electrostatic binding. Such conjugates are taken up by the QGY and RBL cell lines more easily than un-conjugated AIPcS, thus enhancing an intracellular delivery of AIPcS. The increased cellular delivery of AIPcS leads more efficient to cell killing due to a synergistic effect of the AIPcS-PDT and Dox-mediated cytotoxicity. This finding suggests that the conjugation of a photosensitizer to a chemotherapeutic compound can improve photodynamic cancer therapy.

References:

- (1) Philips MA, Gran ML, Peppas NA. Targeted nanodelivery of drugs and diagnostics. *Nano Today* 2010; 5:143–159.
- (2) Oku1 M, Sakai Y. Assessment of physiological redox state with novel FRET protein probes. *ANTIOXIDANTS & REDOX SIGNALING* 2012; 16:698-704.