

# Dispersive crystal electric field excitations in rare-earth magnet $\text{NaTmTe}_2$



Shiyi Zheng<sup>1</sup>, Qisi Wang<sup>2</sup>, Daniel Gabriel Mazzone<sup>3</sup>, Christof Niedermayer<sup>3</sup>, Johan Chang<sup>2</sup>, Jun Zhao<sup>\*1,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>State Key Laboratory of Surface Physics and Department of Physics, Fudan University, Shanghai 200433, China

<sup>2</sup>Physik-Institut, Universität Zürich, Winterthurerstrasse 190, CH-8057 Zürich, Switzerland

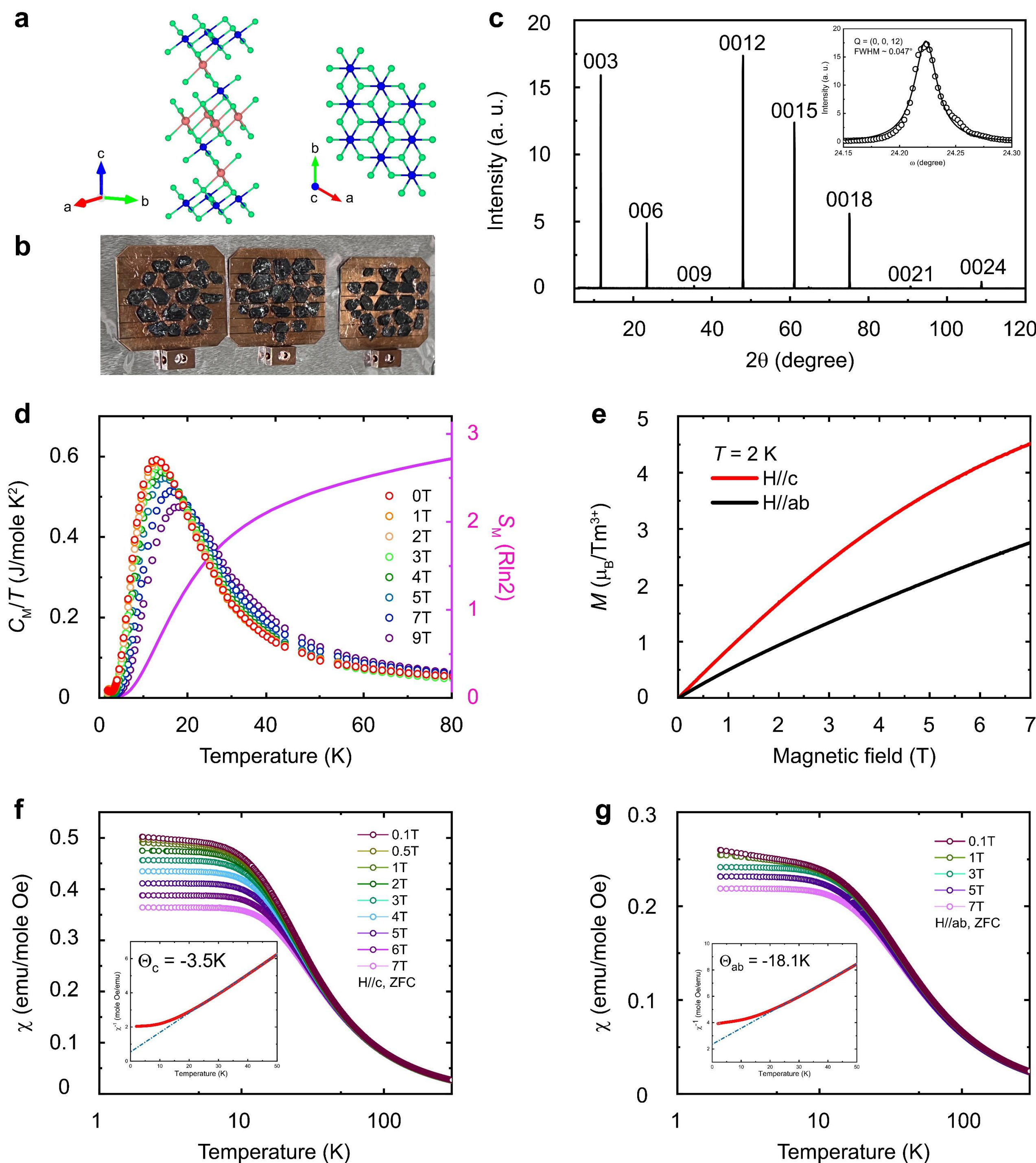
<sup>3</sup>Laboratory for Neutron Scattering and Imaging, Paul Scherrer Institute, CH-5232 Villigen, Switzerland

<sup>4</sup>Collaborative Innovation Center of Advanced Microstructures, Nanjing, 210093, China

## Abstract

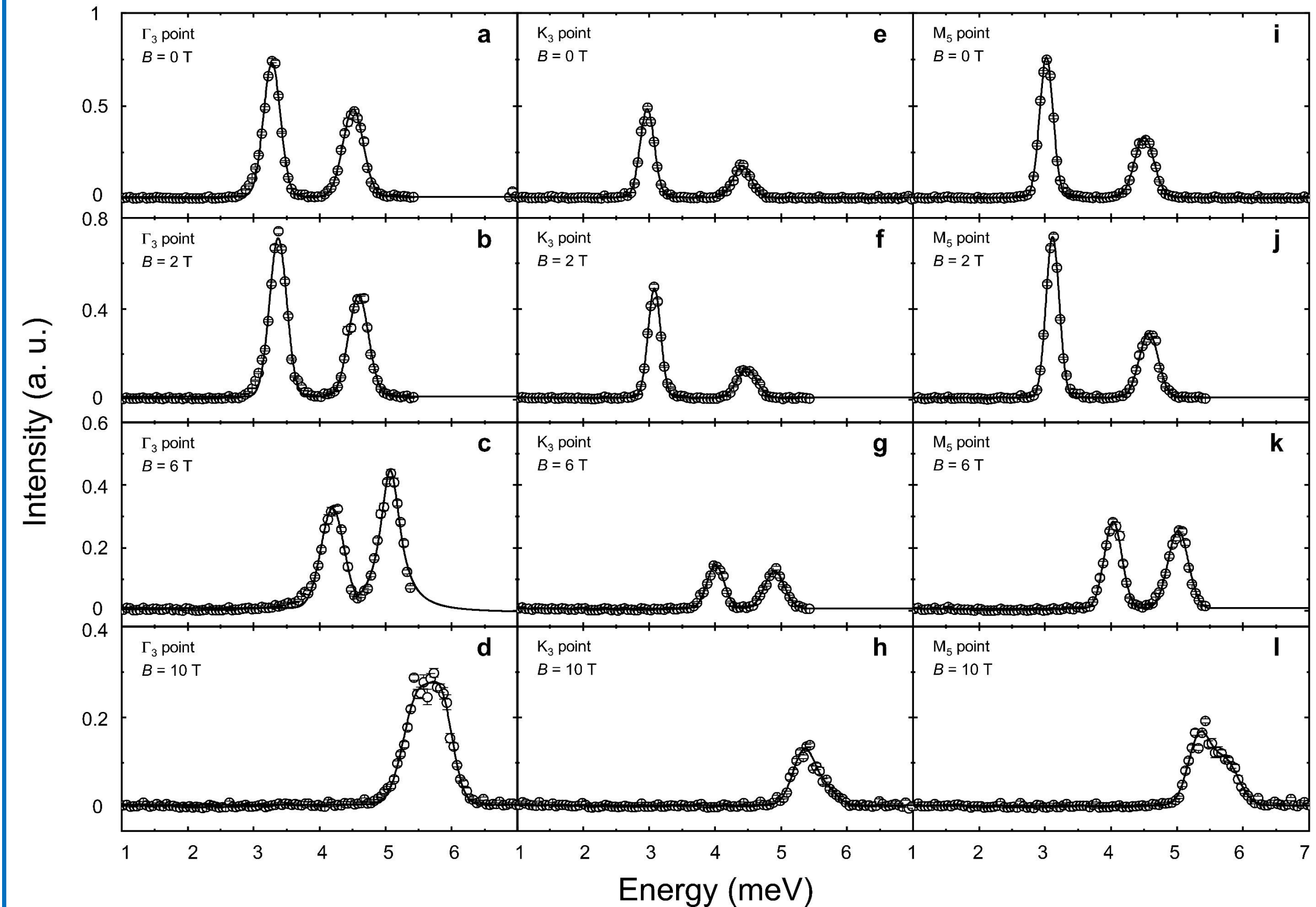
An elucidation of the structure of crystal electric field levels in rare-earth magnets is important for understanding its magnetism. Here we report thermal dynamic and neutron scattering measurements of newly discovered triangular lattice magnet  $\text{NaTmTe}_2$  under zero and external magnetic fields. Our experiments revealed that the crystal field ground state of  $\text{Tm}^{3+}$  in  $\text{NaTmTe}_2$  is a singlet, and that the energy gap between ground state and the 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> excited state is  $\sim 3$  meV/4.5 meV. Moreover, the crystal field excitations are surprisingly highly dispersive and field dependent, indicating strong coupling between crystal electric field and magnetic exchange interactions in  $\text{NaTmTe}_2$ .

## Physical properties of $\text{NaTmTe}_2$ single crystal



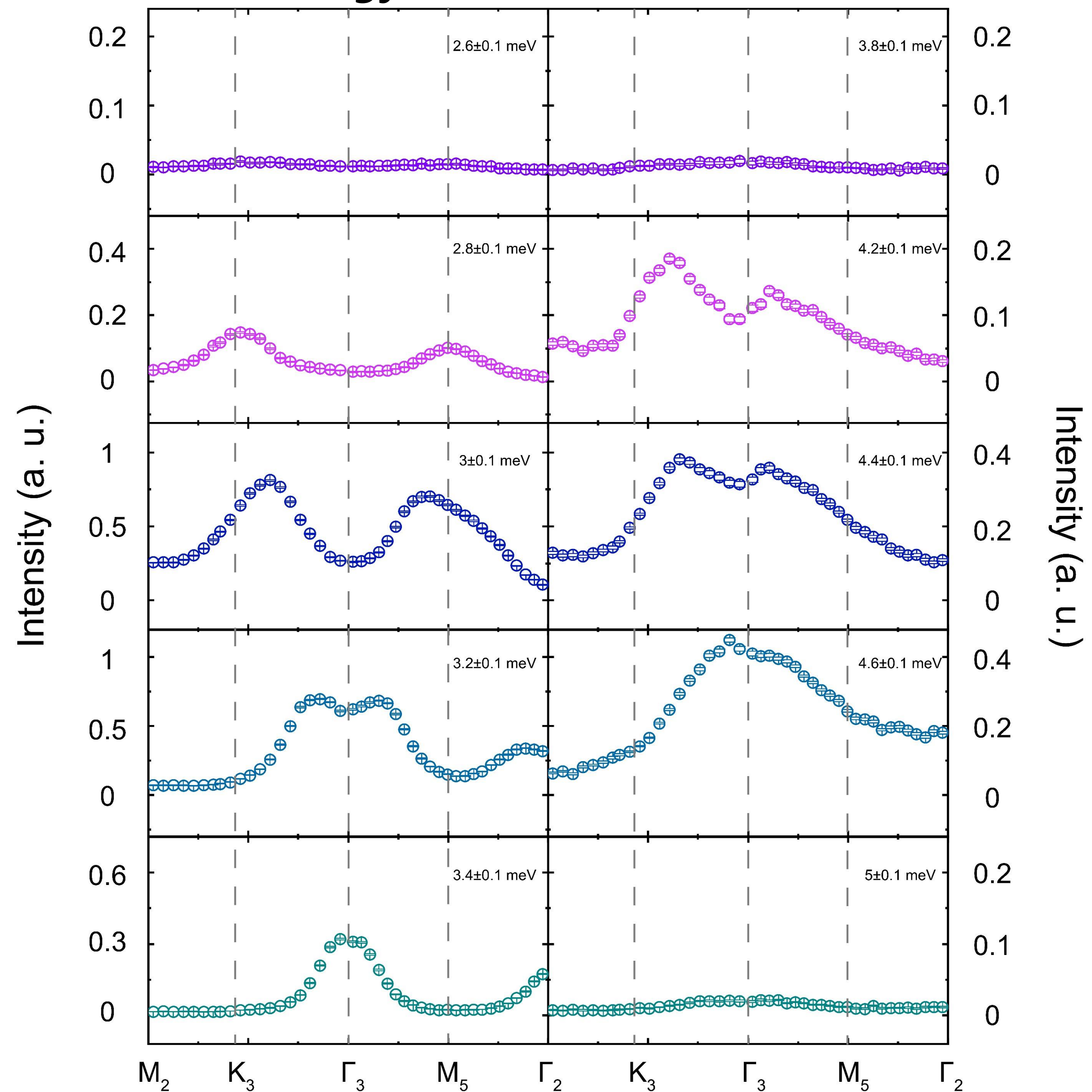
**a** Schematic diagram of  $\text{NaTmTe}_2$  crystal structure. **b** Co-aligned samples in the  $(H, K, 0)$  plane. **c** X-ray diffraction measurements in the  $(H, K, 0)$  plane. **d** Heat capacity measurements. **e** Isothermal magnetization measurements along the  $c$  direction and in the  $ab$  plane at 2 K. **f, g** Temperature-dependence of susceptibility under various external fields. The inserts suggest negative Curie-Weiss temperatures.

## Constant Q cuts at 60 mK under magnetic fields



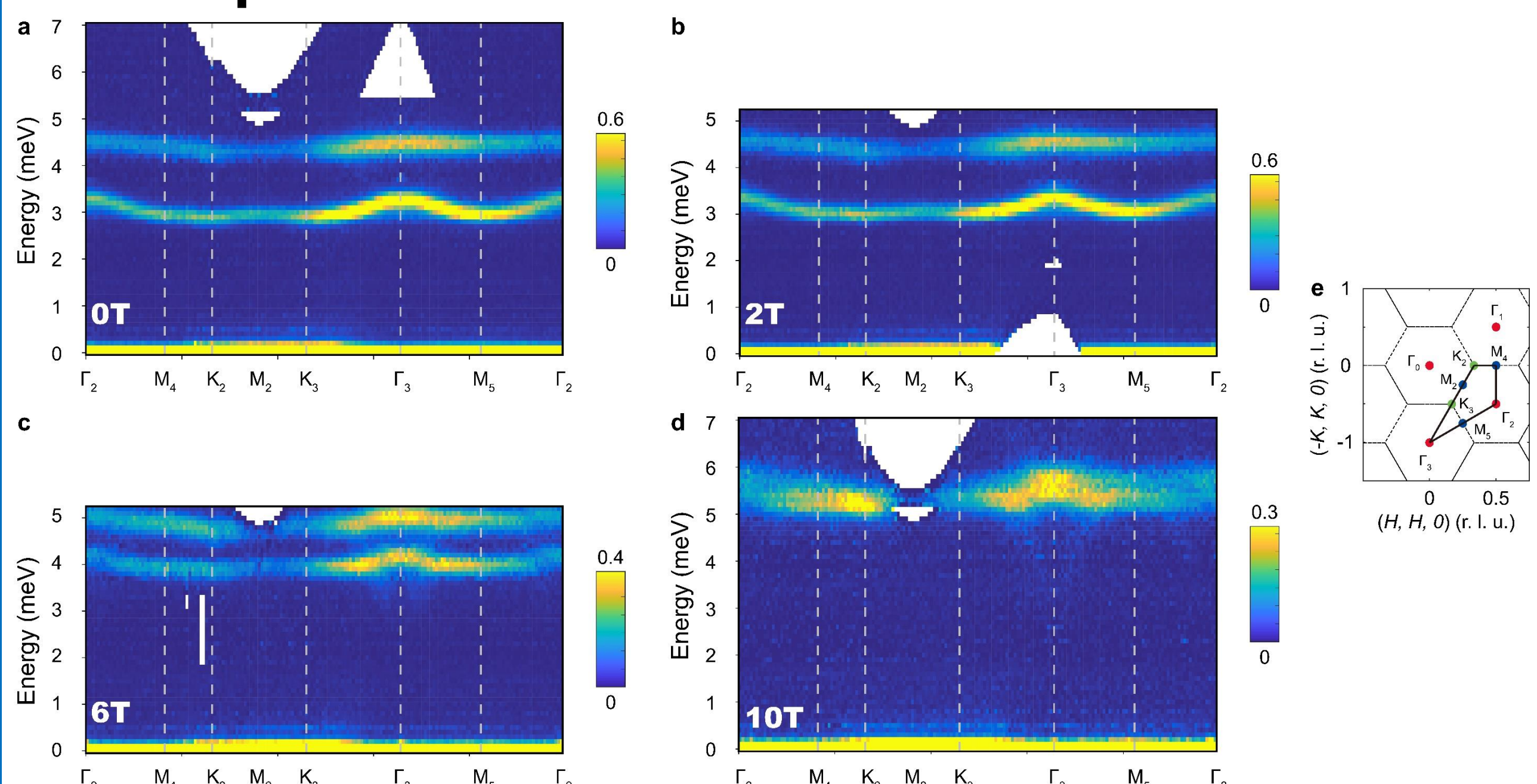
**a-d, e-h, i-l** Constant Q cuts at the high-symmetry K, M and  $\Gamma$  points under various magnetic fields at 60 mK.

## Constant energy cuts at 60 mK under zero fields



Constant energy cuts along the high-symmetry  $\Gamma$ -K- $\Gamma$ -M- $\Gamma$  direction at the indicated energy at 60 mK under zero field.

## Dispersive CEF excitations under external fields



**a-d** The 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> crystal field state excitations under 0 T, 2 T, 6 T, 10 T, respectively. The external magnetic fields are parallel to the  $c$  direction of sample. **e** Sketch of the reciprocal space. Black dashed lines show the Brillouin zone boundaries.

## Reference

Yao Shen, *et al.* Intertwined dipolar and multipolar order in the triangular-lattice magnet  $\text{TmMgGaO}_4$ , *Nature Communications* **10**, 4530 (2019)